
Diagnosis: A species of *Tintinnabuliformis* with two small, proximally extending horns.

Derivation of name: From Latin *bi*, two and *cornu*, horn.

Holotype: Fig. 7(1-2).

Type level and locality: Middle Miocene (Zones NN6/7), Malta.

Description: This species has a bell-shaped outline and is made up of a single wall which is only open distally. Two small horns protrude proximally. An outer edge is present just below the distal opening.

Dimensions of holotype: Height (with horns) = 6.3μm, Width (with outer edge) = 4.2μm.

Remarks: *T. bicornus* is distinguished from *T. unicorn* by having less distinct but double horns whilst the latter has a single longer horn and a more elongated outline.

Occurrence: *T. bicornus* is rarely recorded in Middle Miocene (Zones NN6/7) sediments of Malta. It is also rarely observed in undifferentiated Miocene sediments of Egypt and the North Atlantic (west of Ireland).